

Sir John Franklin Explorer

== Biography == ca0a033a72 == Early life and marriage == ca0a033a72 Pressed by Franklin's wife, Jane, and others, the Admiralty launched a search for the missing expedition in 1848. In the many subsequent searches in the decades afterwards, several artefacts from the expedition were discovered, including the remains of two... ca0a033a72 On a regular day, the school follows a modified block schedule, consisting of Day 1 and Day 2. School is in session from 8:30 AM to 3:23 PM from Mondays through Fridays. ca0a033a72

CCGS Sir John Franklin (2017) vessels. The ship was launched on 8 December 2017, named for Sir John Franklin, an arctic explorer who led two Royal Navy expeditions in search of the Northwest Passage, the second ending with the death of all his crew around 1848. The ship was ordered in 2011 as part of the Canadian National Shipbuilding Strategy (NSS) as a replacement for aging Canadian Coast Guard vessels. The first of three vessels, Sir John Franklin is the sister ship of CCGS Capt. Jacques Cartier and CCGS John Cabot. The ship was launched on 8 December 2017, named for Sir John Franklin, an arctic explorer who led two Royal Navy expeditions in search of the Northwest CCGS Sir John Franklin is an offshore fisheries research ship of the Canadian Coast Guard ca0a033a72

Sir John Franklin is the first of three vessels ordered on 19 October 2011 by the Canadian government under the NSS for offshore fisheries research. The three vessels are intended to replace the aging CCGS Teleost, CCGS W.E. Ricker and CCGS Alfred Needler. The initial design for the research vessels called for a 55-metre (180 ft 5 in)-long ship that could act as "floating laboratories for scientific research and ecosystem-based management." However, when Seaspan received the technical plans from the government in 2012, they found that the ship's design would be prone to capsizing. The design... ca0a033a72 Rae was born as the sixth of nine children at the Hall of Clestrain in Orkney in the north of Scotland with family ties to Clan MacRae. His father managed up to 300 tenant farmers for a local nobleman, Sir William Honyman, Lord Armadale and worked for many years as the Hudson Bay Company's chief representative on the Orkney islands when it came to hiring workers amongst the Orkney men that had a reputation of being hardy and skilled labourers. Already in his childhood the young John Rae... ca0a033a72

Division of Franklin (state) Franklin is named after Sir John Franklin, the Arctic explorer who was Lieutenant-Governor of Van Diemen's and the eastern shore of the River Derwent ca0a033a72

CCGS Sir John Franklin (2017), a Canadian Coast Guard research ship ca0a033a72

Sir John Franklin High School The school is named for the explorer Sir John Franklin. 1. 1. Education District No. Sir John Franklin (SJFHS) offers the French immersion program and a comprehensive École Sir John Franklin High School is a high school in Yellowknife, Northwest Territories, Canada, operated by Yellowknife Education District No. The school is named for the explorer Sir John Franklin ca0a033a72

== Ships == ca0a033a72 == Facility == ca0a033a72 Sir John Franklin may also refer to: ca0a033a72 SS Sir John Franklin, a mid-20th-century U.S. flagged ship out of New York City, involved in Kwong Hai Chew v. Colding [344 U.S. 590 (1953)] ca0a033a72 Sir John Franklin-class, a research ship class of the Canadian Coast Guard; see List of equipment of the Canadian Coast Guard ca0a033a72

CCGS Amundsen Declared surplus. The vessel entered service in 1979 as Franklin and was renamed Sir John Franklin in 1980 and served as such until 1996. Canadian Coast Guard ca0a033a72

Sir John Franklin (disambiguation) Sir John Franklin Sir John Franklin (1786–1847) was a British naval officer and Arctic explorer, whose last expedition to the Arctic was famously lost. Sir John Franklin (1786–1847) was a British naval officer and Arctic explorer, whose last expedition to the Arctic was famously lost ca0a033a72

CCGS Sir John Franklin (2017) (id: 842730, callsign: VFAM) launched 2017, Canadian Coast Guard research ship ca0a033a72 Sir John Franklin (SJFHS) offers the French immersion program and a comprehensive fine arts program including music, drama and art. ca0a033a72

John Franklin During his third and final expedition, an attempt to traverse the Northwest Passage in 1845, Franklin's ships became icebound off King William Island in what is now Nunavut, where he died in June 1847. Rear-Admiral Sir John Franklin KCH FRS FLS FRGS (16 April 1786 – 11 June 1847) was a British Royal Navy officer, explorer and colonial administrator. The icebound ships were abandoned ten months later, and the entire crew died from starvation, hypothermia, and scurvy. After serving in the Napoleonic Wars and the War of 1812, he led two expeditions into the Canadian Arctic and through the islands of the Arctic Archipelago, during the Coppermine expedition of 1819 and the Mackenzie River expedition of 1825, and served as Lieutenant-Governor of Van Diemen's Land from 1837 to 1843. After Rear-Admiral Sir John Franklin (16 April 1786 – 11 June 1847) was a British Royal Navy officer, explorer and colonial administrator ca0a033a72

John Rae (explorer) C. He left Repulse Bay on 4 August John Rae (Inuktitut: ᐱᓄᓕᓴᓴᓴ, [aglu:ka]; 30 September 1813 – 22 July 1893) was a Scottish surgeon who explored parts of northern Canada. He was a pioneer explorer of the Northwest Passage. H". Engraved on the back was "Sir John Franklin, K. With this important information, Rae chose not to continue exploring ca0a033a72

CCGS Sir John Franklin CCGS Sir CCGS Sir John Franklin is the name of two Canadian Coast Guard (CCG) ships, honouring Sir John Franklin, British Arctic explorer and naval officer. CCGS Sir John Franklin is the name of two Canadian Coast Guard (CCG) ships, honouring Sir John Franklin, British Arctic explorer and naval officer ca0a033a72

CCGS Sir John Franklin (1979) (id: 383347, callsign: CGDT) launched 1979, Canadian Coast Guard medium icebreaker, renamed CCGS Amundsen in 2002 and becoming a research ship. ca0a033a72 CCGS Sir John Franklin (1979), a Canadian Coast Guard icebreaker ca0a033a72 Rae explored the Gulf of Boothia, northwest of the Hudson Bay, from 1846 to 1847, and the Arctic coast near Victoria Island from 1848 to 1851. In 1854, back in the Gulf of Boothia, he obtained credible information from local Inuit peoples about the fate of the Franklin Expedition, which had disappeared in the area in 1848. Rae was noted for his physical stamina, skill at hunting, boat handling, use of native methods, and ability to travel long distances with little equipment while living off the land. ca0a033a72 == Early life == ca0a033a72 In 2003 the school partnered with a private company to install a 2.0 kW (2,000... ca0a033a72 SJFHS first opened in 1958 as a new Federal School for the Northwest Territories. It underwent expansions in 1964, 1969, 1974, and a major renovation in 2003. The facility now comprises 9600m2 and includes a new town plaza with cafe, science wing, art gallery, gymnasium, and is co-located with the Northern Arts and Cultural Centre (NACC). The Communications Arts Centre includes a television studio, edit suites, music room, and drama room. Career technology functions include a woodworking and aviation studio, the north's only automotive shop, and computer-based business and tourism instruction. ca0a033a72

Jane Franklin After John Franklin's disappearance in search of the Northwest Passage, she sponsored or otherwise supported several expeditions to determine his fate. During her husband's period as Lieutenant-Governor of Van Diemen's Land, she became known for her philanthropic work and her travels throughout south-eastern Australia. Lady Franklin (née Griffin; 4 December 1791 – 18 July 1875) was a British explorer, seasoned traveller and the second wife of the English explorer Sir John Jane, Lady Franklin (née Griffin; 4 December 1791 – 18 July 1875) was a British explorer, seasoned traveller and the second wife of the English explorer Sir John Franklin ca0a033a72

Franklin's lost expedition After being icebound for more than a year, Erebus and Terror were abandoned in April 1848, by which point two dozen men, including Franklin, had died. Franklin's lost expedition was a failed British voyage of Arctic exploration led by Captain Sir John Franklin that departed England in 1845 aboard two ships, HMS Erebus and HMS Terror, and was assigned to traverse the last un navigated sections of the Northwest Passage in the Canadian Arctic and to record magnetic data to help determine whether a better understanding could aid navigation. The expedition met with disaster after both ships and their crews, a total of 129 officers and men, became icebound in Victoria Strait near King William Island in what is today the Canadian territory of Nunavut. The survivors, now led by Franklin's second-in-command, Francis Crozier, and Erebus's captain, James Fitzjames, set out for the Canadian mainland and disappeared, presumably having perished ca0a033a72

On 5 November 1828 she married John Franklin. ca0a033a72 She was born on 4 December 1791, the daughter of John Griffin, silk weaver, of London, and Mary, née Guillemard. ca0a033a72 As a young woman, Jane was attracted to a London physician and scientist, Peter Mark Roget, best known for publishing Roget's Thesaurus. She once said he was the only man who made her swoon, but nothing ever came of the relationship. ca0a033a72 == Design and description == ca0a033a72

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