

How Many Parties In India

Communism in India In its early years, communist ideology was harshly suppressed through legal prohibitions and criminal prosecutions. The highest body of the party is the Politburo. There are a large number of smaller Marxist parties, including the Communist Party of Communism in India has existed as both a social and a political ideology, as well as a political movement since the 1920s. Parties of India. Eventually, communist parties became ensconced in national party politics, sprouting several political offshoots

== History == In the elections 2004 CPI (ML) launched five candidates to the Lok Sabha and one to the Andhra Pradesh assembly.

Coordination Committee of Maoist Parties and Organisations of South Asia The Communist Party of Nepal-Maoist was one of the main actors involved in the founding of CCOMPOSA in 2001. The The Coordination Committee of Maoist Parties and Organizations of South Asia (CCOMPOSA) was an umbrella organization of various South Asian Maoist parties and movements. Committee of Maoist Parties and Organizations of South Asia (CCOMPOSA) was an umbrella organization of various South Asian Maoist parties and movements. Many CCOMPOSA members also belonged to the Revolutionary Internationalist Movement prior to its dissolution

The 34 years of CPI(M)-led Left Front rule in West Bengal was the longest-serving democratically elected communist-led government in the world. It emerged as the third-largest party of the parliament in the 2004 national election. Currently, CPI(M) has representation in the legislative assemblies of eight states. It claims to fight for the rights of only Muslims. It has organized many protest against Citizenship Amendment Act protests in Uttar Pradesh. Many leaders of PECP are facing NSA charges over incitement to communal riots in name of protest and posting communal ad which can lead to communal tensions. Kanshi Ram named his protégée, Mayawati, as his successor in 2001. The BSP has its main base in the Indian state of Uttar Pradesh where it was the second-largest party in the 2019 Indian general election with 19.3% of votes and fourth largest in the 2022 Uttar Pradesh Legislative Assembly election with 12.88% of votes. Its election symbol is an elephant which is also the symbol historically used by Dr. Ambedkar's Scheduled Castes Federation. The Indian general election in 1996 returned a fractured verdict. With the Bharatiya Janata Party emerging as the largest party with 161 of 543 seats, it was invited first to form a government. It accepted the offer, and Atal Bihari Vajpayee was sworn in as the prime minister. However, he was unable to get a majority in parliament, and the government dissolved 13 days later. At a meeting of all the other parties, the Indian National Congress, with a substantial 140 seats, declined to head the government and agreed to extend outside support to the coalition, whereas the Communist Party of India (Marxist) agreed to join the coalition with the Janata Dal at its head, named the United Front.

Communist Party of India (Marxist–Leninist) Class Struggle The name of the party is identical to the original CPI(ML) formed in 1969, of which Sanyal was also a key leader, but Sanyal has stated that his party is not the same as this party [1]. The party general Communist Party of India (Marxist–Leninist) is a communist party in India. The party is one of many working under the name of CPI(ML). Communist Party of India (Marxist–Leninist) is a communist party in India. The party general secretary was Kanu Sanyal. The party is one of many working under the name of CPI(ML)

Communist Party of India (Maoist) The party has been designated as a terrorist organisation in India under the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act since 2009. It was founded on 21 September 2004, through the merger of the CPIML People's War and the MCCI. The Communist Party of India (Maoist) is a banned Marxist–Leninist–Maoist communist political party and militant organization in India which aims to overthrow The Communist Party of India (Maoist) is a banned Marxist–Leninist–Maoist communist political party and militant organization in India which aims to overthrow the Republic of India through protracted people's war

Justice Party (India) It was established The Justice Party, officially the South Indian Liberal Federation, was a political party in the Madras Presidency of British India. The Justice Party, officially the South Indian Liberal Federation, was a political party in the Madras Presidency of British India. It was established on 20 November 1916 in Victoria Public Hall in Madras by Dr C. M. Nair, P. Natesa Mudaliar and co-founded by T. Communal division between Brahmins and non-Brahmins began in the presidency during the late-19th and early-20th century, mainly due to caste prejudices and disproportionate Brahminical representation in government jobs. Theagaraya Chetty and Alamelu Mangai Thayarammal as a result of a series of non-Brahmin conferences and meetings in the presidency. The Justice Party's foundation marked the culmination of several efforts to establish an organisation

to represent the non-Brahmins in Madras and is seen as the start of the Dravidian Movement

Bahujan Samaj Party The party claims to be inspired by the philosophy of B. Republican Party of India Kanshi Ram Mayawati Jai Bhim Bahujan Volunteer Force List of political parties in India Chandra, Kanchan. According to Kanshi Ram, when he founded the party in 1984, the Bahujans comprised 85 percent of India's population, but were divided into 6,000 different castes. 2004. Ambedkar, Jyotirao Phule, Narayana Guru, Chhatrapati Shahuji Maharaj, and Gautama Buddha. R. Why Ethnic Parties Succeed The Bahujan Samaj Party (BSP) is a progressive political party in India that was formed to represent Bahujans (literally means "community in majority"), referring to the country's Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, and Other Backward Classes (OBC), along with minorities

Results from the Lok Sabha elections: == Founding parties == Mohamed Ayub- Early history of communism in India == The present party was formed through a merger of Sanyal's Communist Organization of India (Marxist–Leninist) and Communist Party of India (Marxist–Leninist) Unity Initiative in June 2003. In November 2003 Communist Party of Indian Union (Marxist–Leninist) merged with the party. The strength of the party is mainly concentrated to Andhra Pradesh, Jharkhand and West Bengal.

United Front (India, 1996) D. Deve Gowda and I. N. During its tenure, the government was led by two prime ministers belonging to the Janata Dal – H. Chandrababu Naidu of the Telugu Desam Party served as the convener of United Front. The United Front was headquartered at the Andhra Pradesh Bhavan in New Delhi. coalition government of 13 political parties formed in India after the 1996 general elections. It formed two governments in India between 1996 and 1998. It formed two governments in India between 1996 and 1998. Chandrababu The United Front was a coalition government of 13 political parties formed in India after the 1996 general elections. Gujral. K. N

The PECP contested around 208 Assembly seats in the 2012 Uttar Pradesh Legislative Assembly election, where it obtained 2.35 per cent of the vote and so ranked fifth by percentage of votes gained. Four candidates were successful in being elected:

Peace Party (India) But failed to retain any of them in the 2017 Elections. Ahead of 2022 Uttar Pradesh Legislative Assembly election, Peace Party formed an alliance with Rashtriya Ulama Council. India: Election The Peace Party (PECP) is a political party in India. It won three seats in those elections. It became the sixth largest political party of India's most populous state, Uttar Pradesh, following the state legislative assembly elections of 2012. 01. political parties List of political parties in India "List of Political Parties and Election Symbols main Notification Dated 18. 2013" (PDF)

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Communist Party of India The CPI was the main opposition party in India during the 1950s to 1960s. CPI supported The Communist Party of India (CPI) is a political party in India. CPI supported the rule of Indira Gandhi, but later changed course and joined the left unity. CPI was part of the ruling United Front government from 1996 to 1998 and had two ministers under the Devegowda and Gujral ministries. Between 1946 and 1951, the CPI led militant struggles such as the peasant revolt in Telangana, organising guerrilla warfare against feudal lords. The CPI considers the 26 December 1925 Kanpur conference as its foundation date. a split in the CPI led to the formation of the Communist Party of India (Marxist), which eventually emerged as the larger of the two parties. In 1964, a split in the CPI led to the formation of the Communist Party of India (Marxist), which eventually emerged as the larger of the two parties

== Etymology == The All-India Party Congress is the supreme authority of the CPI(M). However, during the time between two party congresses, the Central Committee is the highest decision-making body. The Central Committee shall elect from among its members a Polit Bureau including the General Secretary. The Polit Bureau carries on the work of the Central Committee between its two sessions and has the right to take political and organisational decisions in between two meetings of the Central Committee.

Communist Party of India (Marxist) It is the largest communist party in India in terms of membership and electoral seats, and one of the six national parties of India. The party was founded through a splitting from the Communist Party of India in 1964; the CPI(M) quickly became The Communist Party of India (Marxist) (abbr. CPI(M)) is a Marxist–Leninist political party in India. and one of the six national parties of India. The party was founded through a splitting from the Communist Party of India in 1964; the CPI(M) quickly became the dominant faction

The party central organ is Class Struggle. Khalilabad Founding parties of CCOMPOSA included: During its early years, the party was involved in petitioning the imperial administrative bodies and Government officials demanding more representation for non-Brahmins in government. When a diarchial system of administration

was established due to the 1919 Montagu–Chelmsford reforms, the Justice Party took part in presidential governance. In 1920, it won the first direct elections in the... df8b9b7b34 CPI(M) had a total income of... df8b9b7b34 Aneesurrehman, Kanth; df8b9b7b34 In 2006, Prime Minister Manmohan Singh referred to the Maoists as "the single biggest internal security challenge" for India, and said that the "deprived and alienated sections of the population" form the backbone of the Maoist movement in India. Government officials have declared that, in 2013, 76 districts in the country were affected by "left-wing extremism", with another 106 districts under ideological influence. Chhattisgarh is often affected by the party's militant activities. df8b9b7b34 == 2012 UP Assembly Elections == df8b9b7b34 The party was founded in February 2008 by Mohamed Ayub, who is a surgeon by profession and philanthropist. df8b9b7b34 In 2025, the CPI had two members in the Lok Sabha and two members in the Rajya Sabha. In addition, it has 20 MLAs across three states and one each in the MLCs of Bihar and Telangana. It is designated a state party by the Election Commission of India as of 2023 in Tamil Nadu, Kerala, and Manipur. As of December 2023, the CPI is part of the Left Democratic Front coalition that forms the state government in Kerala. The CPI has four Cabinet Ministers and a... df8b9b7b34 Akhilesh kumar... df8b9b7b34 Kamal Yusuf Mallik - Domariyaganj df8b9b7b34 In 2024, the party faced a major setback when the government increased its counterinsurgency operations in states affected by the insurgency. Another setback occurred in 2025 when the leader of the group Nambala Keshava Rao, was killed in an encounter with Security forces in Chhattisgarh... df8b9b7b34 == Background == df8b9b7b34

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