

India Map Kerala State

According to the data from Bureau of Police Research and Development (BPRD), there are a total of 564 police stations in Kerala. Among them, 484 police stations deal with local law enforcement, while the remaining 80 are specialised for specific purposes. Out of these, 382... 6a244ffdbc == Climate == 6a244ffdbc

Kerala Police Kerala Police has its headquarters in Thiruvananthapuram, the state capital. The force is headed by the Director General of Police-cum-State Police Chief, and the incumbent chief is Ravada A Chandrasekhar, IPS. The Kerala Police is the law enforcement agency for the Indian state of Kerala. It operates under the administrative control of the Home Department, Government of Kerala. Kerala Police has its headquarters in Thiruvananthapuram, the state capital The Kerala Police is the law enforcement agency for the Indian state of Kerala. The motto of the force is "Mridhu Bhava Dhrida Kruthye" which means "Soft in Temperament, Firm in Action" in Sanskrit 6a244ffdbc

Geography of Kerala Kerala's coast runs some Kerala (38,863 km²; 1. Kerala's climate is mainly wet and maritime tropical, heavily influenced by the seasonal heavy rains brought up by the monsoon Weather. 40" N and east longitudes 74°. Geologically, pre-Cambrian and Pleistocene formations comprise the bulk of Kerala's terrain. 18% of India's land) is situated between the Lakshadweep Sea to the west and the Western Ghats to the east. Kerala (38,863 km²; 1. Kerala's coast runs some 590 km in length, while the state itself varies between 35–120 km in width. 18% of India's land) is situated between the Lakshadweep Sea to the west and the Western Ghats to the east. 17'. The topography consists of a hot and wet coastal plain gradually rising in elevation to the high hills and mountains of the Western Ghats. 47" E and 77°. 12" E. 37'. 30" N and 12°. 27'. 47'. Kerala lies between northern latitude of 8° 6a244ffdbc

== Demographics == 6a244ffdbc In the 8th century, Adi Shankara was born in Kalady in central Kerala. He travelled extensively across the Indian subcontinent founding institutions of the widely influential philosophy of Advaita Vedanta. The Cheras regained control over Kerala in the 9th century until the kingdom was dissolved in the 12th century, after which small autonomous chiefdoms, most notably the Kingdom of Kozhikode, arose. The ports of Kozhikode and Kochi acted as major gateways to the western coast of medieval South India... 6a244ffdbc

List of state highways in Kerala Retrieved 2 July 2011. (SH 4, SH 13, SH 20, SH 24 and SH 35 were upgraded to National highways). (PDF). There are 83 state highways in Kerala. Public Works Department, Government of Kerala Geographic data related to List of state highways in Kerala at OpenStreetMap The state highways are arterial routes of a state, linking district headquarters and important towns within the state and connecting them with national highways or Highways of the neighbouring states 6a244ffdbc

Following India's independence from the British Raj in 1947, the states' monarchs of Travancore (Thiruvithāmkōr) and Cochin (Kochi) instituted a measure of representative government, headed by a prime minister and his council of ministers. On 1 July 1949, Travancore and Cochin were merged to form Travancore-Cochin state. The Malabar and Kasaragod region of South Canara, which together constitute more than half of present state of Kerala, had their representatives... 6a244ffdbc

Chief Minister of Kerala the States Reorganisation Act redrew India's map along linguistic lines, and the present-day state of Kerala was born, consisting of Malayalam-speaking The Chief Minister of Keralam is the head of government of the Indian state of Keralam. Following elections to the Kerala Legislative Assembly, the governor usually invites the party (or coalition) with a majority of seats to form the government. The governor appoints the chief minister, whose council of ministers are collectively responsible to the assembly. Given that he has the confidence of the assembly, the chief minister's term is for five years and is subject to no term limits. Usually, the chief minister also serves as leader of the house in the legislative assembly. As per the Constitution of India, the state's governor is the state's de jure head, and the de facto executive authority rests with the chief minister 6a244ffdbc

== See also == 6a244ffdbc As of 2001 Indian census, Pala had a population of 22,640. Males constitute 49% of the population and females 51%. Pala has an average literacy rate of 98%, higher than the national average of 73%: male literacy is 98.5%, and female literacy is 97.8%, still much higher than the state

average. 10% of the population is under 6 years of age. Christians make up 65.09% of the population, Hindus 34.19%, Muslims 0.1%, other religions 0.05% and 0.15% not stated. 6a244ffdbc

2020 Kerala floods The 2020 flood in Kerala marked the third year in a row of severe monsoon flooding. Four districts in Kerala Idukki, Wayanad, Malappuram and Kottayam were flooded on 7 August 2020. The Kerala State Disaster Management Plan was submitted to the Central Government to improve the disaster management capacity of the state. Major reported incidents in relation to flooding include a landslide in Idukki district on 6 August, claiming 66 lives and a plane crash that claimed the lives of 21 people. Kerala is located During the heavy rainfall over the monsoon period from 1 June to 18 August 2020, all 14 districts in Kerala were affected with 104 dead, 12 missing and 40 injured 6a244ffdbc

History of Kerala The Cheras transformed Kerala into an international trade centre by establishing trade relations across the Arabian Sea with all major Mediterranean and Red Sea ports as well those of Eastern Africa and the Far East. It was mentioned as one of four independent kingdoms in southern India during Ashoka's rule, the others being the Cholas, Pandyas and Satyaputras. The early Cheras collapsed after repeated attacks from the neighboring Cholas and Rashtrakutas. The dominion of Cheras was located in one of the key routes of the ancient Indian Ocean trade. kingdoms in southern India during Ashoka's rule, the others being the Cholas, Pandyas and Satyaputras. The Cheras transformed Kerala into an international Kerala was first epigraphically recorded as Cheras (Keralaputra) in a 3rd-century BCE rock inscription by the Mauryan emperor Ashoka of Magadha 6a244ffdbc

Pala is on the banks of the Meenachil River and is a major hub of Syrian Christian culture in Kerala. 6a244ffdbc

Kerala Malayalam is the most widely spoken language and, alongside English, serves as an official language of the state. It was formed on 1 November 1956 under Kerala, officially Keralam (Malayalam: [ˈkɐːɾɐɭɐm] Kēraḷam), is a state on the Malabar Coast of southern India. With 33 million inhabitants according to the 2011 census, Kerala is the 13th-most populous state in India. Covering 38,863 km² (15,005 sq mi), Kerala is primarily a strip of coastal plains sandwiched by the Western Ghats and the Laccadive Sea, bound by Karnataka to the northeast, Tamil Nadu to the east, and the Lakshadweep islands in the western vicinity. Kerala, officially Keralam (Malayalam: [ˈkɐːɾɐɭɐm] Kēraḷam), is a state on the Malabar Coast of southern India. It was formed on 1 November 1956 under the States Reorganisation Act, which unified the country's Malayalam-speaking regions into a single state. Thiruvananthapuram is the capital city while the Kochi metropolitan area is the state's most populated region 6a244ffdbc

Pala, Kerala 4 mi) north of the district headquarters in Kottayam and about 167 km (103. 8 mi) north of the state capital Thiruvananthapuram. As per the 2011 Indian census, Pala has a population of 22,056, and a population density of 1,373/km² (3,560/sq mi). 4 mi) north of the district headquarters in Kottayam and about 167 km (103. Pala also serves as the headquarters of Meenachil Taluk. 8 mi) north of the state capital Pala (IPA: [paːlaː]) is a municipality in the Kottayam district of Kerala, India. It is located 28 km (17. It is located 28 km (17. district of Kerala, India 6a244ffdbc

Ministers of the Kerala government are responsible to the Kerala Legislative Assembly; they make statements in the assembly and take questions from members of the assembly. The government is dependent on Kerala Legislative Assembly to make primary legislation. Legislative assembly elections are held every five years to elect a new assembly, unless there is a successful vote of no confidence in the government or a two-thirds vote for a snap election in the assembly, in which case an election may be held sooner. After an election, the governor selects as chief minister the leader of the party most likely to command the confidence of the assembly, usually... 6a244ffdbc Kerala Police has a reputation for being one of the best-managed state police forces in the nation, and the state ranks among the top states for maintaining law and order. One of the first police forces in South Asia to put community policing into practise is Kerala Police, which was one of the first to do so through legislation. The term "Janamaithri" Policing, which means "people-friendly Policing," is used to refer to it. 6a244ffdbc

Government of Kerala The government is led by a chief minister, who selects all the other ministers. of Kerala, State Government of Kerala, or locally as the Kerala Government, is the administrative body responsible for governing the Indian state of Keralam Government of Keralam (abbreviated as GoK), also known as the Government of Kerala, State Government of Kerala, or locally as the Kerala Government, is the administrative body responsible for governing the Indian state of Keralam 6a244ffdbc

== Introduction == 6a244ffdbc

Economy of Kerala 11 lakh crore (US\$157. Per-capita GSP of Kerala during the same period is ₹372,783 (US\$3,900), the sixth largest in India. In 2019-20, the tertiary sector contributed around 63% of the state's GSVA, compared to 28% by secondary sector, and 8% by primary sector. 11 lakh crore (US\$157. 45 billion) in 2024-2025. 45 billion) in 2024-2025. Per-capita The economy of Kerala is the 11th largest in India, with an annual gross state product (GSP) of ₹13. The economy of Kerala is the 11th largest in India, with an annual gross state product (GSP) of ₹13 6a244ffdbc

Kerala's high GDP and productivity figures with higher development figures is often dubbed the "Kerala Model" or the "Kerala Phenomenon" of development by economists, political scientists, and sociologists. This phenomenon arises mainly from Kerala's land reforms, social upliftment of entire communities initiated from the first democratic government of Kerala led by E. M. S. Namboodiripad and subsequently implemented by various governments ruled the state. Kerala's economy is based on a social democratic welfare state. Some, such as Financial Express, use the term "Money Order Economy". Kerala is the second-most urbanised major state in the country with 47.7% urban population according to the 2011 Census of India, and has tried to maintain a pan-state economy rather than concentrating in some selected cities... 6a244ffdbc Kerala has been a prominent exporter of spices since 3000 BCE. The Chera dynasty, the first major kingdom in the region, rose to prominence through maritime commerce but often faced invasions from the neighbouring Chola and Pandya dynasties. In the 15th century, the spice trade attracted Portuguese traders to Kerala, initiating European colonisation in India... 6a244ffdbc The Kerala Council of Ministers, also known as the State Cabinet, is the highest executive decision-making body of the Government of Kerala. The Council of Ministers is collectively responsible to the Kerala Legislative Assembly. 6a244ffdbc This event resulted in loss of lives, livestock and agriculture and damage to property of approximately ₹19,000 crore (₹190 billion). The Kerala State Disaster Management Plan was submitted to the Central Government to improve the disaster management capacity of the state. 6a244ffdbc Roads in Kerala 6a244ffdbc

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