

Do Daddy Long Legs Bite

Representatives of each extant suborder can be found on all continents except Antarctica. Medical reports have been criticized for poor evidence. In the last century, both white tailed and wolf spiders were considered medically significant, only to be recanted. Only ten genera (*Atrax*, *Phoneutria*, *Loxosceles*, *Latrodectus*, *Hadronyche*, *Macrothele*, *Missulena*, *Illawarra*, *Sicarius*, and *Hexophthalma*) are considered medically significant. Bites of these spiders have a range of severity, with only a minority having severe symptoms. Deaths by verified spider bites are exceedingly rare (e.g. not one in Australia since 1979). Females have a body length of about 8 mm while males tend to be slightly smaller. The length of the spider's legs are on average 5 or 6 times the length of its body. *Pholcus phalangioides* has a habit of living on the ceilings of rooms, caves, garages or cellars.

Spiders of Australia There are sensationalised news reports regarding Australian spiders that fail to cite evidence. A Field Guide to Spiders of Australia published by CSIRO Publishing in 2017 featuring around 836 species illustrated with photographs of live animals, around 381 genera and 78 families, introduced significant updates to taxonomy from Ramirez, Wheeler and Dmitrov. No deaths caused by spider bites in Australia have been substantiated by a coronial inquest since 1979. they use to apply silk. Once the redback is fully trussed, the daddy long-legs spider bites at will and simply waits for the bigger spider to die so it can Australia has a number of highly venomous spiders, including the Sydney funnel-web spider, its relatives in the family Hexathelidae, and the redback spider, whose bites can be extremely painful and have historically been linked with deaths in medical records. Most Australian spiders do not have venom that is considered to be dangerously toxic

Pholcus phalangioides known as the cosmopolitan cellar spider, long-bodied cellar spider, or one of various types called a daddy long-legs spider, is a spider of the family Pholcidae *Pholcus phalangioides*, commonly known as the cosmopolitan cellar spider, long-bodied cellar spider, or one of various types called a daddy long-legs spider, is a spider of the family Pholcidae. It was first described in 1775 by the Swiss entomologist Johann Kaspar Füssli (his surname is also spelled Fuesslin) as *Aranea phalangoides*. Its common name of "daddy long-legs" should not be confused with a different arachnid group

Do Daddy Long Legs Bite

with the same common name, the harvestman (Opiliones), or the crane flies of the superfamily Tipuloidea

Mainly nocturnal, the female redback lives in an untidy web in a warm sheltered location, commonly near or inside human residences. It preys on insects, spiders and small vertebrates that become ensnared in its web. It kills its prey by injecting a complex venom through its two fangs when it bites, before wrapping them in silk and sucking out the liquefied insides. Often, it first squirts its victim with what resembles 'superglue' from its spinnerets, immobilising the... Their phylogenetic position within the Arachnida is disputed; their closest relatives may be camel spiders (Solifugae) or a larger clade comprising horseshoe crabs, Ricinulei, and Arachnophora (scorpions, pseudoscorpions, and Tetranychida). Although superficially similar to and often misidentified as spiders (order Araneae), the Opiliones are a distinct order that is not closely related... Pholcids have extremely long and thin legs with flexible tarsi. They can be distinguished from other long-legged spiders by the eye arrangement: Pholcidae have two groups of three eyes each, and there may be a pair of small eyes in between them. Most have this middle pair present for a total of eight eyes, but some genera (e.g. Modisimus, Sperophora, Sperophoridae) lack this pair and have a total of six eyes. The body is often whitish or grey in colour. Harvestmen (Opiliones), which share the name "daddy longlegs", also have long and thin legs but have only one pair of eyes, and their body appears... Family Tipulidae (Large crane flies, 4,351 species) The common name "daddy long-legs" is used for several species, especially Pholcus phalangioides, but is also the common name for several other arthropod groups, including harvestmen and crane flies. Superfamily Tipuloidea (typical crane flies) Family Cylindrotomidae (Cylindrotomid or long-bodied crane flies, 67 species)

Crane fly In Ireland, they are generally called 'daddy long legs'; in English, whereas in Irish they are A crane fly, also known as a mosquito eater, or a mosquito hawk, is a member of the dipteran superfamily Tipuloidea, which contains the living families Cylindrotomidae, Limoniidae, Pediciidae and Tipulidae, as well as several extinct families. "Winter crane flies", members of the family Trichoceridae, are sufficiently different from the typical crane flies of Tipuloidea to be excluded from the superfamily Tipuloidea, and are placed as their sister group within Tipulomorpha. leatherjackets. They are also known as 'Jenny long legs'; in Scotland. Two other families of flies, the phantom crane flies

Do Daddy Long Legs Bite

(Ptychopteridae) and primitive crane flies (Tanyderidae), have similar common names due to their similar appearance a7caa0f079

== Description == a7caa0f079

Opiliones Over 6,650 species of harvestmen have been discovered The Opiliones (formerly Phalangida) are an order of arachnids, colloquially known as harvestmen, harvesters, daddy long legs, or granddaddy long legs. The order Opiliones includes five suborders: Cyphophthalmi, Eupnoi, Dyspnoi, Laniatores, and Tetrophthalmi, which were named in 2014. arachnids, colloquially known as harvestmen, harvesters, daddy long legs, or granddaddy long legs. Over 6,650 species of harvestmen have been discovered worldwide, although the total number of extant species may exceed 10,000 a7caa0f079

List of medically significant spider bites The term "daddy-long-legs" also can refer to the similar-looking A number of spiders can cause spider bites that are medically important. biting people are rare, and no reported bites by these species have had any lasting effects. Two medically important spider genera have a worldwide distribution—*Latrodectus* and *Loxosceles*. Almost all spiders produce venom but only a few are able to cause significant harm to humans. Others have a limited distribution a7caa0f079

The original range of *C. lyoni* is unknown. They have been introduced into other parts of the world accidentally and are now pantropical in distribution. They are a regulated species in some countries and are often regarded as pests due to the large amounts of unsightly webs they construct inside human homes. Some people, however, regard them as beneficial, as they are efficient predators of mosquitoes and other arthropods. They are harmless to humans. a7caa0f079 == Taxonomy and nomenclature == a7caa0f079 Family Pediciidae (Hairy-eyed crane flies, 498 species) a7caa0f079 == Brazilian wandering spiders == a7caa0f079

Pholcidae The family contains more than 2,000 individual species of pholcids, including those commonly known as cellar spider, daddy long-legs spider, carpenter spider, daddy long-legger, vibrating spider, gyrating spider, long daddy, and angel spider. The family, first described by Carl Ludwig Koch in 1850, is divided into 94 genera. The The Pholcidae are a family of araneomorph spiders. known as cellar spider, daddy long-legs spider, carpenter spider, daddy long-legger, vibrating spider, gyrating spider, long daddy, and angel spider a7caa0f079

Do Daddy Long Legs Bite

Estimates put the total number of Australian spider species at about 10,000. Only around 3,600 have been described. Little information is known about many undiscovered species. New species are found each year.

Holocnemus pluchei A unique feature of *H. pluchei*, females also possess stridulatory organs, and both sexes engage in stridulation. This species is distributed across the North Pacific region of the United States, as well as in parts of North Africa, Europe, Australia, and the Mediterranean. *pluchei* is that while in many species of spiders, stridulation commonly occurs by males during sexual encounters, in *H.* It is considered a common household spider and builds its nest in attics, basements, and eaves of houses. Although some members of the species live in solitary webs, the majority join already existing webs and migrate to new webs multiple times throughout the course of their lives. This species is distributed across the North Pacific region of the *Holocnemus pluchei*, commonly known as the marbled cellar spider, is a species of Pholcidae, a family commonly referred to as "cellar spiders" or "daddy long-legs". of Pholcidae, a family commonly referred to as "cellar spiders" or "daddy long-legs"

Males and females of the species are approximately the same size, with males ranging between 5–7 mm and females ranging between 5–7.5 mm. *H. pluchei* have long fragile legs with black and white circles around the joints. Immature members of the species resemble adults. Females have swollen pedipalps that resemble the pedipalps of a male before... The classification of crane flies has been varied in the past, with some or all of these families treated as subfamilies, but the following classification is currently accepted. Species counts are approximate, and vary over time. Well-preserved fossils have been found in the 400-million-year-old Rhynie cherts of Scotland, and 305-million-year-old rocks in France. These fossils look surprisingly modern, indicating that their basic body shape developed very early on, and, at least in some taxa, has changed little since that time. This spider species is considered beneficial in parts of the world because it preys on other spiders, including species considered dangerous such as redback spiders. *Pholcus phalangioides* is known to be harmless to humans and a potential for the medicinal use of their silk has been reported. In colloquial... == Early work on Australian spiders ==

Crossopriza lyoni tailed daddy longlegs spiders, and sometimes box spiders. 4 in) long and a body *Crossopriza lyoni* is a widespread species of cellar spiders that prefer to live in or around human structures. 5 to 7 mm (0. 276

Do Daddy Long Legs Bite

in). Their abdomens are distinctly squarish when viewed from the side and their carapace is more or less circular when viewed from above. 0.98 to 0. They all possess extremely long fragile legs that can reach up to 6 cm (2.4 in) long and a body length of that ranges from 2. They also possess two kinds of sound-producing organs and have six eyes. They are commonly known as tailed cellar spiders, tailed daddy longlegs spiders, and sometimes box spiders. They all possess extremely long fragile legs that can reach up to 6 cm (2.4 in)

Pit bull-type dogs have a controversial reputation as pets internationally, due to their history in dog fighting, the number of high-profile attacks documented in the media over decades, and their proclivity to latch on while biting. Proponents of the type and advocates of regulation have engaged in a contentious nature-versus-nurture debate over whether aggressive tendencies in pit bulls may be appropriately attributed to owners' poor care for and competency... a7caa0f079

Pit bull majority of fatal dog attacks in some areas of Canada. Most pit bull-type dogs descend from the British bull and terrier, a 19th-century dog-fighting type developed from crosses between the Old English Bulldog and the Old English Terrier. In the United States, the term is usually considered to include the American Pit Bull Terrier, American Staffordshire Terrier, Staffordshire Bull Terrier, American Bully, and sometimes the Bull Terrier, along with any crossbred dog that shares certain physical characteristics with these breeds. Bite statistics by breed are no longer tracked by the CDC, and are discouraged by the AVMA and Pit bull is an umbrella term for several types of dog believed to have descended from bull and terriers. In other countries, including the United Kingdom, the term is used specifically for the American Pit Bull Terrier, excluding the Staffordshire Bull Terrier a7caa0f079

== Appearance == a7caa0f079 == Taxonomy and phylogeny == a7caa0f079 Family Limoniidae (Limoniid crane flies, 10,786 species, possibly paraphyletic) a7caa0f079 An exploratory work on Australian spiders, Die Arachniden Australiens, nach der Natur beschrieben und abgebildet ("The arachnids of Australia... a7caa0f079 Pholcus phalangioides was first described in 1775 by the Swiss entomologist Johann Kaspar... a7caa0f079 Crossopriza lyoni are classified under the genus Crossopriza and the subfamily Holocneminae. They belong to the cellar spider family... a7caa0f079

Redback spider It is a member of the cosmopolitan genus Latrodectus, the

Do Daddy Long Legs Bite

widow spiders. Females usually have a body length of about 10 millimetres (0. insignis), the cellar spider (Pholcus phalangioides) and the giant daddy-long-legs spider (Artema atlanta) are known to prey on the redback spider, and The redback spider (Latrodectus hasselti), also known as the Australian black widow, is a species of highly venomous spider believed to originate in Australia, but which is now found in Southeast Asia, Japan and New Zealand. 12-0. The adult female is easily recognised by her spherical black body with a prominent red stripe on the upper side of her abdomen and an hourglass-shaped red/orange streak on the underside. 16 in) long. 4 in), while the male is much smaller, being only 3-4 mm (0. It has also been found in packing crates in the United States with colonies elsewhere outside Australia

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