

Which Country Has This Code

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ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 - two-letter country codes which are also used to create the ISO 3166-2 country subdivision codes and the Internet country code top-level domains. 45aa711364 == Justices of the Supreme Court at the time of volume 233 U.S. == 45aa711364 == Parts == 45aa711364 It consists of three parts: 45aa711364 Another part of these numeric codes, those representing geographical (continental and sub-continental) supranational regions, was also included in the IANA registry for region subtags (first described in September 2006 in the now obsoleted RFC 4646, but confirmed in its successor RFC 5646, published in... 45aa711364 ISO 3166-1 alpha-3 - three-letter country codes which allow a better visual association between the codes and the country names than the alpha-2 codes. 45aa711364 Code-switching may happen between sentences, sentence fragments, words, or individual morphemes (in synthetic languages). However, some linguists consider the borrowing of words or morphemes from another language to be different from other types of code-switching. 45aa711364

ISO 3166-1 ISO 3166-1 (Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions - Part 1: Country code) is a standard defining codes for the names ISO 3166-1 (Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions - Part 1: Country code) is a standard defining codes for the names of countries, dependent territories, and special areas of geographical interest. It is the first part of the ISO 3166 standard published by the International Organization for Standardization 45aa711364

No. 233 Squadron RAF 233 Squadron RAF was a Royal Air Force squadron that operated from 1918-1919, 1937-1945, 1952-1957 and 1960-1964. 233 Squadron flew general reconnaissance patrols before being tasked with transportation duties just prior to D-Day. No. At first No. The squadron was formed from several Royal Naval Air Service (RNAS) flights and took part in the tail end of the First World War before being disbanded. Shortly after the Second World War the squadron was again disbanded, to be reformed once more in 1960. The squadron was reformed with the advent of World War II. 233 Squadron shot down at least two FW-200 Condors. Around this time the squadron's Hudsons

were mounted with rockets which gave them greater No. of 1943, No. 233 Squadron was finally disbanded in 1964 45aa711364

List of ISO 3166 country codes The ISO 3166 standard contains three parts: sets of country codes: ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 - two-letter country codes which are also used to create the ISO 3166-2 country subdivision codes and the Internet The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) created and maintains the ISO 3166 standard - Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions 45aa711364

If the country was divided into several parts, the... 45aa711364 == History == 45aa711364

ISO 3166-1 numeric 49 standard. They are similar to the three-digit country codes developed and maintained by the United Nations Statistics Division, from which they originate in its UN M. They were first included as part of the ISO 3166 standard in its second edition in 1981, but they were released by the United Nations Statistics Division since as early as 1970. ISO 3166-1 numeric (or numeric-3) codes are three-digit country codes defined in ISO 3166-1, part of the ISO 3166 standard published by the International ISO 3166-1 numeric (or numeric-3) codes are three-digit country codes defined in ISO 3166-1, part of the ISO 3166 standard published by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), to represent countries, dependent territories, and special areas of geographical interest 45aa711364

ISO 3166-1 numeric - three-digit country codes which are identical to those developed and maintained by the United Nations Statistics Division, with the advantage of script (writing system) independence, and hence useful for people or systems using non-Latin scripts. 45aa711364

List of United States Supreme Court cases, volume 233 The Supreme Court is This is a list of cases reported in volume 233 of United States Reports, decided by the Supreme Court of the United States in 1914. This is a list of cases reported in volume 233 of United States Reports, decided by the Supreme Court of the United States in 1914 45aa711364

ISO 3166-1 numeric - three-digit country codes which are identical to those developed and maintained by the United Nations Statistics Division, with the advantage of script (writing system) independence, and hence useful for people or systems using non-Latin scripts. 45aa711364 ISO 3166-1 alpha-3 - three-letter country codes which may allow a better visual association between the codes and the country names than the 3166-1

alpha-2 codes. 45aa711364

ISO 3166 association between the codes and the country names than the alpha-2 codes. , provinces or states). ISO 3166-1 numeric – three-digit country codes, which are identical to those ISO 3166 is a standard published by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) that defines codes for the names of countries, dependent territories, special areas of geographical interest, and their principal subdivisions (e. The official name of the standard is Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions. g 45aa711364

List of telephone country codes 123 and E. Country codes Telephone country codes are telephone number prefixes for reaching subscribers in foreign countries or areas by international direct dialing (IDD). In international calls, they are dialed after the international call prefixes. 164 and constitute the international telephone numbering plan of the public switched telephone network (PSTN) and other networks. Telephone country codes are telephone number prefixes for reaching subscribers in foreign countries or areas by international direct dialing (IDD). Country codes are defined by the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) in ITU-T standards E 45aa711364

The alphabetic country codes were first included in ISO 3166 in 1974, and the numeric country codes were first included in 1981. The country codes have been published as ISO 3166-1 since 1997, when ISO 3166 was expanded into three parts, with... 45aa711364 Code-switching is different from plurilingualism in that plurilingualism refers to the ability of an individual to use multiple languages, while code-switching is the act of using multiple languages together. Multilinguals (speakers of more than one language) sometimes use elements of multiple languages when conversing with each other. Thus, code-switching is the use of more than one linguistic variety in a manner consistent with the syntax and phonology of each variety. 45aa711364 Each former country name in ISO 3166-3 is assigned a four-letter alphabetic code. The first two letters are the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 code of the former country, while the last two letters are allocated according to the following rules: 45aa711364

ISO 3166-3 The official name of the standard is Codes for ISO 3166-3 is part of the ISO 3166 standard published by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), and defines codes for country names which have been deleted from ISO 3166-1 since its first publication in 1974. defines codes for country names which have been deleted from ISO 3166-1 since its first publication in 1974. It was first published in 1999. The official

name of the standard is Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions – Part 3: Code for formerly used names of countries 45aa711364

Code-switching can occur when there is a change in the environment in... 45aa711364 ISO 3166-1 – Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions – Part 1: Country codes defines codes for the names of countries, dependent territories, and special areas of geographical interest. It defines three sets of country codes: 45aa711364 If the country changed its name, the new ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 code is used (e.g., Burma changed its name to Myanmar, whose new alpha-2 code is MM), or the special code AA is used if its alpha-2 code was not changed (e.g., Byelorussian SSR changed its name to Belarus, which has kept the same alpha-2 code). 45aa711364 An advantage of numeric codes over alphabetic codes is script (writing system) independence. The ISO 3166-1 alphabetic codes (alpha-2 and alpha-3) use letters from the 26-letter English alphabet and are suitable for languages based on the Latin alphabet. For people and systems using non-Latin scripts (such as Arabic or Japanese), the English alphabet may be unavailable or difficult to use, understand, or correctly interpret. While numeric codes overcome the problems of script dependence, this independence comes at the cost of loss of mnemonic convenience. 45aa711364 Some of these codes, those representing countries and territories, were first included as part of the ISO 3166-1 standard in its second edition in 1981, but they have been released by the United Nations Statistics Division since 1970. 45aa711364

UN M49 Codes assigned UN M49 or the Standard Country or Area Codes for Statistical Use (Series M, No. Each area code is a 3-digit number which can refer to a wide variety of geographical and political regions, like a continent and a country. Codes assigned in the system generally do not change when the country or area's name changes (unlike ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 or ISO 3166-1 alpha-3), but instead change when the territorial extent of the country or area changes significantly, although there have been exceptions to this rule. Each area code is a 3-digit number which can refer to a wide variety of geographical and political regions, like a continent and a country. 49) is a standard for area codes used by the United Nations for statistical purposes, developed and maintained by the United Nations Statistics Division 45aa711364

ISO 3166-2 – Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions – Part 2: Country subdivision code... 45aa711364 ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 – two-letter country codes which

are used most prominently for the Internet's country code top-level domains (with a few exceptions). 45aa711364 Another... 45aa711364 It defines three sets of country codes: 45aa711364 == List by world numbering zones == 45aa711364

Code-switching These alternations are generally intended to influence the relationship between the speakers, for example, suggesting that they may share identities based on similar linguistic histories. different from other types of code-switching. Code-switching can occur when there is a change in the environment in which one is speaking, or in the context In linguistics, code-switching or language alternation is the process of shifting from one linguistic code (a language or dialect) to another, depending on the social context or conversational setting 45aa711364

If the country merged into an existing country, the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 code of this country is used (e.g., the German Democratic Republic merged into Germany, whose alpha-2 code is DE). 45aa711364

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