

How To Plant A Ginger

Ginger is in the family Zingiberaceae, which also includes turmeric (*Curcuma longa*), cardamom (*Elettaria cardamomum*), and galangal. Ginger originated in Maritime Southeast Asia and was likely domesticated first by the Austronesian peoples. It was transported with them throughout the Indo-Pacific during the Austronesian expansion (c. 5,000 BP), reaching as far as Hawaii. Ginger is one of the first spices to have been exported from Asia, arriving in Europe with the spice trade, and was used by ancient Greeks and Romans. The distantly related dicots in the genus *Asarum* are commonly called wild ginger because of their similar taste.

References

The flower heads are initially green and are 3 to 10 cm (1+1⁄4 to 4 in) long with overlapping scales...

Description

Etymology

Plot

Vernors ginger ale owned by Keurig Dr Pepper that was first served in 1866 by James Vernor, a pharmacist from Detroit. Vernors is the oldest surviving ginger Vernors is an American brand of vanilla ginger ale owned by Keurig Dr Pepper that was first served in 1866 by James Vernor, a pharmacist from Detroit

Zingiber zerumbet is a perennial. From autumn until spring it goes dormant above ground as the leafy stems shrivel and die away, leaving the pale brown, creeping stems (rhizomes) at ground level. In the spring, the plant springs up anew. The 10–12 blade-shaped leaves are 15–20 centimetres (6–8 in) long and grow in an alternate arrangement on a thin, upright stem to 1.2 m (4 ft) tall. Among the leafy stems, the conical or club-shaped flower heads burst forth on separate and shorter stalks. These appear in the summer, after the leafy stems have been growing for a while.

Galangal It can be Galangal () is a rhizome of plants in the ginger family Zingiberaceae, with culinary and medicinal uses originating in Indonesia. Galangal (/ˈɡæləŋɡæl/) is a rhizome of plants in the ginger family Zingiberaceae, with culinary and medicinal uses originating in Indonesia. It can be any of the four species listed below, and is known for its pungent, aromatic flavor

Differentiation

Flowering occurs from September to April, and the fruit may ripen in any month.

As the story goes, in 1781, Patriot James Spears was attempting to run from the British during the Revolutionary War, when his shoe became stuck in the mud of the natural spring; he left it and kept running. Upon his return, he recovered his shoe and noticed the amount of water in the depression his shoe left. He tasted the water and noticed its strong mineral content. Word of the natural spring spread quickly and before long, the area became popular among the wealthy plantation owners and by the late 1800s a small town was established.

Greater galangal (*Alpinia galanga*) is most commonly used, and is similar to ginger and turmeric. It is native to South Asia and Southeast Asia. Lesser galangal (*Alpinia officinarum*) and other types are also used, though less frequently. In traditional medicine, galangal is used to treat various ailments. It is a common ingredient in Cambodia (Khmer), Indonesian, Lao, Malaysian, Thai and Vietnamese cuisine, and is also used in some traditional Chinese medicine.

Dichorisandra thyrsiflora The plant is native to the tropical woodlands of North, Central and South America, especially in Atlantic Forest vegetation in Brazil. Of the family Commelinaceae, it is cultivated for its handsome spotted stems and large shiny foliage which is held horizontally, surmounted by striking blue flowers.

thyrsiflora or blue ginger is a species of tropical flowering plant which resembles ginger in growth and habit, but is actually related to the spiderworts

Dichorisandra thyrsiflora or blue ginger is a species of tropical flowering plant which resembles ginger in growth and habit, but is actually related to the spiderworts (the genus *Tradescantia*)

The rhizomes of *Z. zerumbet* are used as food flavoring and appetizers in various cuisines, and the rhizome extracts have been used in herbal medicine.

History

The word galangal, or its variant galanga or archaically galingale, can refer in common usage to the aromatic rhizome of any of four plant species in the Zingiberaceae (ginger) family, namely:

Blenheim Ginger Ale Blenheim Ginger Ale is a ginger ale bottled by Blenheim Bottlers in Hamer, Dillon County, South Carolina, but was originally bottled in Blenheim, Marlboro Blenheim Ginger Ale is a ginger ale bottled by Blenheim Bottlers in Hamer, Dillon County, South Carolina, but was originally bottled in Blenheim, Marlboro County, South Carolina. It has deep roots in the Pee Dee region of South Carolina, as it was created by a local doctor in the 1890s by mixing Jamaica ginger and sugar with local mineral waters and dispensed as a tonic for dyspepsia

Vernors is the oldest surviving ginger ale in the United States. According to the company, it was first served to the American public in 1866.

After premiering at the Munich Fantasy Filmfest in August 2000 and screening at the 2000 Toronto International Film Festival, *Ginger Snaps* received a limited theatrical release in May 2001. Despite modest box office receipts, the film was a critical success. It has since amassed a cult following and has been re-examined for its feminist themes. It was followed by a sequel, *Ginger Snaps 2: Unleashed*, and a prequel, *Ginger Snaps Back: The Beginning*, which were filmed back-to-back and both released in 2004.

Description

Costus spicatus is native to some islands of the Caribbean (including Dominica, Guadeloupe, Hispaniola, Martinique, and Puerto Rico). There has been some confusion about the native range of *Costus spicatus*. Kew Botanical Gardens lists it as native to Mexico. It has been described as exotic or native to Cuba. *Costus spicatus* is possibly invasive in lower montane rainforests on Saint Lucia, where botanist Roger Graveson considers it to be an escaped exotic.

Canada Dry To settle this lawsuit, the company decided to stop making Canada Dry is a brand of soft drinks founded in Toronto, Ontario, in 1904, and owned since 2008 by the American company Dr Pepper Snapple (now Keurig Dr Pepper). of the ginger plant“; instead of using a small amount of liquid extracted from a ginger root

It was first described by the naturalist Johann Christian Mikan in 1823.

A rash of dog killings strikes the quiet suburb of Bailey Downs, Ontario. Teenage...

The "Dry" in the brand's name refers to not being sweet, as in a dry wine. When John J. McLaughlin originally made his new soft drink, "Canada Dry Pale Ginger Ale", it was far less sweet than other ginger ales then available; as a result, he labelled it "dry".

Zingiber zerumbet 2 m (4 ft) tall. *Zingiber zerumbet* is a species of plant in the ginger family with leafy stems growing to about 1. It originates from Asia, but can be found in many tropical countries. Common names include: awapuhi (from Hawaiian: ‘awapuhi spelled

with an ‘okina, doublet of ‘awa), bitter ginger, shampoo ginger, lempoyang (from Malay) and pinecone ginger. It originates from Asia, but can be Zingiber zerumbet is a species of plant in the ginger family with leafy stems growing to about 1. 2 m (4 ft) tall a918fe4913

D. thyrsoflora was first grown in England in 1822, and is recorded from Sir William MacArthur's catalogue in 1857 of plants he grew in Camden southwest of Sydney. It has become naturalised in a small region of northeastern New South Wales in Australia. a918fe4913

Costus spicatus Costus spicatus, also known as spiked spirallflag ginger or Indian head ginger, is a species of herbaceous plant in the Costaceae family (also sometimes placed Costus spicatus, also known as spiked spirallflag ginger or Indian head ginger, is a species of herbaceous plant in the Costaceae family (also sometimes placed in Zingiberaceae). Common names in the Antilles include cumani, gengibre cimarron, gengibrillo, canne d’eau, and la canne de rivière a918fe4913

For over 100 years, Canada Dry has been known mainly for its ginger ale, though the company also manufactures a number of other soft drinks and mixers. Although it originated in Canada, Canada Dry is now produced in many countries across the world. a918fe4913 This plant has gained the Royal Horticultural Society's Award of Garden Merit. a918fe4913 == Distribution == a918fe4913 In the late 1890s, Dr. C. R. May began prescribing the mineral springs' water to his patients complaining of stomach troubles. Because his patients frequently complained about the strong iron-like taste of the water, the doctor decided to make the water more... a918fe4913 Ginger has been used in traditional medicine in China, India and Japan for centuries, and as a modern dietary supplement. Ginger may offer... a918fe4913 == History == a918fe4913 The inflorescence is terminal on the stalks, up to 30 cm (12 in) long and contains numerous white flowers. The fruit is a capsule, blue, globose and about 1 cm (0.39 in) diameter. The casing is thin and brittle, containing numerous black seeds set in white pith. a918fe4913

Ginger It is an herbaceous perennial that grows annual pseudostems (false stems made of the rolled bases of leaves) about one meter tall, bearing narrow leaf blades. The inflorescences bear flowers having pale yellow petals with purple edges, and arise directly from the rhizome on separate shoots. Ginger (Zingiber officinale) is a flowering plant whose rhizome, ginger root or ginger, is widely used as a spice and a folk medicine. It is an herbaceous Ginger (Zingiber officinale) is a flowering plant whose rhizome, ginger root or ginger, is widely used as a spice and a folk medicine a918fe4913

The Latin specific epithet thyrsoflora means "with flower clusters resembling thyme". a918fe4913

Ginger Snaps (film) Ginger Snaps is a 2000 Canadian supernatural horror film directed by John Fawcett and written by Karen Walton, from a story they jointly developed. The Ginger Snaps is a 2000 Canadian supernatural horror film directed by John Fawcett and written by Karen Walton, from a story they jointly developed. The supporting cast features Kris Lemche, Jesse Moss, Danielle Hampton, John Bourgeois, Peter Keleghan, and Mimi Rogers. The film stars Emily Perkins and Katharine Isabelle as Brigitte and Ginger Fitzgerald, two morbid teenage sisters whose relationship is tested when Ginger (who has started her period for the first time) is attacked and bitten by an unknown animal, and then later, during the next full moon, slowly starts to transform into a werewolf a918fe4913

Alpinia caerulea is a rhizomatous plant with arching stalks growing to 2-3 m (6 ft 7 in – 9 ft 10 in) long. Each carries a number of large alternately arranged leaves up to 40 cm (16 in) long and 10 cm (3.9 in) wide. They are either sessile or with a very short petiole, glossy dark green above and lighter below, with an acuminate tip. a918fe4913

Alpinia caerulea This plant is known as Jun jun by the Kuku Yalanji people of coastal north east Queensland. is a reference to the fruit colour. The native ginger is endemic Alpinia caerulea, commonly known as native ginger or Australian ginger, is an understorey perennial herb in the family Zingiberaceae which grows in rainforest, gallery forest and wet sclerophyll forest in eastern Australia a918fe4913

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