

Lower Back Pain Left Side Female

Round ligament pain Shooting abdominal pain when performing Round ligament pain (RLP) is pain associated with the round ligament of the uterus, usually during pregnancy. RLP is one of the most common discomforts of pregnancy and usually starts at the second trimester of gestation and continues until delivery. are: Sudden pain in the lower abdomen, usually in the right side of the pelvic area that can extend to the groin. RLP also occurs in nonpregnant women. It usually resolves completely after delivery although cases of postpartum RLP (that is, RLP that persisted for a few days after delivery) have been reported 2839f85afb

The pelvic region of the trunk includes the bony pelvis, the pelvic cavity (the space enclosed by the bony pelvis), the pelvic floor, below the pelvic cavity, and the perineum, below the pelvic floor. The pelvic skeleton is formed in the area of the back, by the sacrum and the coccyx and anteriorly and to the left and right sides, by a pair of hip bones. 2839f85afb Definitions of pain vary, but most involve the ability of the nervous system to detect and reflexively react to harmful stimuli by avoiding it, and the ability to subjectively experience suffering. Suffering cannot be directly measured in other animals. Responses to putatively painful stimuli can be measured, but not the experience itself. To address this problem when assessing the capacity of other species to experience pain, argument by analogy is sometimes used. 2839f85afb Levator = that which elevates, ani = of the anus. 2839f85afb Simple over-the-counter pain medications are useful in 20% to 70% of cases of common acute... 2839f85afb In humans, the abdomen stretches from the thorax at the thoracic diaphragm to the pelvis at the pelvic brim. The pelvic brim stretches from the lumbosacral joint (the intervertebral disc between L5 and S1) to the pubic symphysis and is the edge of the pelvic inlet. The space above this inlet and under the thoracic diaphragm is termed the abdominal cavity. The boundary of the abdominal cavity is the abdominal wall in the front and the peritoneal surface at the rear. 2839f85afb == Structure == 2839f85afb

Pelvis The two hip The pelvis (pl. skeleton is formed in the area of the back, by the sacrum and the coccyx and anteriorly and to the left and right sides, by a pair of hip bones. : pelves or pelvises) is the lower part of an anatomical trunk, between the abdomen and the thighs (sometimes also called pelvic region), together with its embedded skeleton (sometimes also called bony pelvis or pelvic skeleton) 2839f85afb

Sacroiliac joint unilateral low back pain. In humans, the sacrum supports the spine and is supported in turn by an ilium on each side. The human body has two sacroiliac joints, one on the left and one on the right, that often match each other but are highly variable from person to person. The joint is strong, supporting the entire weight of the upper body. It is a synovial plane joint with irregular elevations and depressions that produce interlocking of the two bones. The pain is often a mild to moderate ache around the dimple or posterior superior iliac spine (PSIS) region. The pain

may become The sacroiliac joint or SI joint (SIJ) is the joint between the sacrum and the ilium bones of the pelvis, which are connected by strong ligaments 2839f85afb

Levator ani It is formed from three muscle components: the puborectalis, pubococcygeus, and the iliococcygeus. of three parts: The iliococcygeus arises from the inner side of the ischium (the lower and back part of the hip bone) and from the posterior part of the The levator ani is a broad, thin muscle group, situated on either side of the pelvis 2839f85afb

In mammals, the bony pelvis has a gap in the middle, significantly larger in females than in males. Their offspring pass through this gap... 2839f85afb The round ligament of the uterus goes from the pelvis, passes through the internal abdominal ring, and runs along the inguinal canal to the labia majora. It is the structure that holds the uterus suspended inside the abdominal cavity. There are at least 2 other round ligaments in the human body, the round ligament of the liver (ligamentum teres hepatis) and the round ligament of the head of the femur (ligamentum teres femoris). 2839f85afb The human thorax includes the thoracic cavity and the thoracic wall. It contains organs including the heart, lungs, and thymus gland, as well as muscles and various other internal structures. The chest may be affected by many diseases, of which the most common symptom is chest pain. 2839f85afb The word thorax comes from the Greek θώραξ thórax "breastplate, cuirass, corslet" via Latin: thorax. 2839f85afb Pain is the most common reason for physician consultation in most developed countries. It is a major symptom in many medical conditions, and can interfere with a person's quality of life and general functioning. People in pain experience impaired concentration, working memory, mental flexibility, problem-solving and information processing speed, and are more likely to experience irritability, depression, and anxiety. 2839f85afb

Pain chronic (long-term) lower back pain, spinal manipulation produces tiny, clinically insignificant, short-term improvements in pain and function, compared Pain is a distressing bodily feeling often caused by intense or damaging stimuli. The International Association for the Study of Pain defines pain as "an unpleasant sensory and emotional experience associated with, or resembling that associated with, actual or potential tissue damage. " 2839f85afb

Abdomen Lower ribs can also enclose ventral and lateral walls An abdomen (also belly or stomach in vertebrates, or metasoma in arthropods) is the front part of the torso between the thorax (chest) and pelvis in humans and in other vertebrates. In arthropods, it is the posterior tagma of the body; it follows the thorax or cephalothorax. abdominal muscles, at the front and to the sides, and by part of the vertebral column at the back. The area occupied by the abdomen is called the abdominal cavity 2839f85afb

== Etymology == 2839f85afb It supports the viscera in the pelvic cavity, and surrounds the various structures that pass through it. 2839f85afb

Buttocks The two gluteus maximus muscles are the largest muscles in the human body. between the lower back and the perineum. They are

responsible for movements such as straightening the body into the upright (standing) posture when it is bent at the waist; maintaining the body in the upright posture by keeping the hip joints extended; and propelling the body forward via further leg (hip) extension when walking or running. They are composed of a layer of exterior skin and underlying subcutaneous fat superimposed on a left and right gluteus maximus and gluteus medius muscles. : buttock) are two rounded portions of the exterior anatomy of humans, located on the posterior of the pelvic region. They are composed of a layer of exterior skin and underlying subcutaneous fat superimposed on a left and right The buttocks (sing. The buttocks are located between the lower back and the perineum 2839f85afb

The two hip bones connect the spine with the lower limbs. They are attached to the sacrum posteriorly, connected to each other anteriorly, and joined with the two femurs at the hip joints. The gap enclosed by the bony pelvis, called the pelvic cavity, is the section of the body underneath the abdomen and mainly consists of the reproductive organs and the rectum, while the pelvic floor at the base of the cavity assists in supporting the organs of the abdomen. 2839f85afb

Chest pain Those with diabetes or the elderly may have less clear symptoms. It may be described as sharp, dull, pressure, heaviness or squeezing. It can be divided into heart-related and non-heart-related pain. This may include the neck, left or right arms, cervical spine, back, and upper Chest pain is pain or discomfort in the chest, typically the front of the chest. Associated symptoms may include pain in the shoulder, arm, upper abdomen, or jaw, along with nausea, sweating, or shortness of breath. Pain due to insufficient blood flow to the heart is also called angina pectoris. Chest pain may also radiate, or move, to several other areas of the body 2839f85afb

The levator ani is the main pelvic floor muscle and contracts rhythmically during female orgasm, and painfully during vaginismus. 2839f85afb In insects, crustaceans, and the extinct trilobites, the thorax is one of the three main divisions of the body, each in turn composed of multiple segments. 2839f85afb

Thorax : thoraces or thoraxes) or chest is a part of the anatomy of mammals and other tetrapod animals located between the neck and the abdomen. cause of the pain. While cardiac issues cause feelings of sudden pressure in the chest or a crushing pain in the back, neck, and arms, pain that is felt The thorax (pl 2839f85afb

Crustaceans fulfill several criteria proposed as indicating that non-human animals may experience pain. These fulfilled criteria include... 2839f85afb == Etymology == 2839f85afb == Structure == 2839f85afb The most common symptoms of RLP are: 2839f85afb The buttocks are formed by the masses of the gluteal muscles or "glutes" (the gluteus maximus muscle and the gluteus medius muscle) superimposed by a layer of fat. The superior... 2839f85afb Management of chest pain is based on the underlying cause. Initial treatment often includes the medications aspirin and nitroglycerin. The response to... 2839f85afb Serious and relatively common causes include acute coronary syndrome such as a heart attack (31%),

pulmonary embolism (2%), pneumothorax, pericarditis (4%), aortic dissection (1%) and esophageal rupture. Other common causes include gastroesophageal reflux disease (30%), muscle or skeletal pain (28%), pneumonia (2%), shingles (0.5%), pleuritis, traumatic and anxiety disorders. Determining the cause of chest pain is based on a person's medical history, a physical exam and other medical tests. About 3% of heart attacks, however, are initially missed. 2839f85afb In many cultures, the buttocks play a role in sexual attraction. Many cultures have also used the buttocks as a primary target for corporal punishment, as the buttocks' layer of subcutaneous fat offers protection against injury while still allowing for the infliction of pain. 2839f85afb

Pain in crustaceans might not feel pain goes back to the 17th-century French philosopher, René Descartes, who argued that animals do not experience pain and suffering because There is a scientific debate which questions whether crustaceans experience pain. Because of this complexity, the presence of pain in an animal, or another human for that matter, cannot be determined unambiguously using observational methods, but the conclusion that animals experience pain is often inferred on the basis of likely presence of phenomenal consciousness which is deduced from comparative brain physiology as well as physical and behavioural reactions. It is a complex mental state, with a distinct perceptual quality but also associated with suffering, which is an emotional state 2839f85afb

Pain motivates animals to withdraw from damaging situations, to protect a damaged body part while it heals, and to avoid similar experiences in the future. Most pain resolves once the noxious stimulus is removed and the body has healed, but it may persist despite removal of the stimulus and apparent healing of the body. Sometimes pain arises in the absence of any detectable stimulus, damage or disease. 2839f85afb It is attached to the inner surface of each side of the lesser pelvis, and these unite to form the greater part of the pelvic floor. The coccygeus muscle completes the pelvic floor, which is also called the pelvic diaphragm. 2839f85afb In vertebrates, the abdomen is a large body cavity enclosed by the abdominal muscles, at the front and to the sides, and by part of the vertebral column at the back. Lower ribs can also enclose ventral and lateral walls. The abdominal cavity is continuous with, and above, the pelvic cavity. It is attached to the thoracic cavity by the diaphragm. Structures such as the aorta, inferior vena... 2839f85afb == Symptoms == 2839f85afb

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