

Covid 19 Pune Lockdown

Economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic in India 2023). "From the economy's point of view, the lockdown undoubtedly looks costly right now, but compared. By December 2021, India was back to pre-COVID-19 growth

COVID-19 pandemic in Bihar The first COVID-19 case in the Indian state of Bihar was reported in Munger on 22 March 2020, a 38-year-old tested positive for COVID-19, he was also the

== State level regulations (before 24 March) ==

COVID-19 pandemic in Kerala Manorama Online. 04%) deaths in the state. 2020. "12 fresh COVID-19 cases in Kerala The first case of the COVID-19 pandemic in Kerala (which was also the first reported case in all of India) was confirmed in Thrissur on 30 January 2020. 04% (13. 96% cumulative), with 64,62,811 (98. "29 new COVID-19 cases in Kerala on Monday; Know lockdown relaxations". Retrieved 18 May 2020. 91%) recoveries and 68,197 (1. As of 5 April 2022, there have been 65,34,352 confirmed cases, test positivity rate is at 2

As of 6 June 2022, there are 7,429 active COVID-19 cases in the state, the health minister warns that the cases are likely to increase in June and July.

Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on domestic violence UN Women stated that COVID-19 created "conditions for abuse that are ideal for abusers because it forced people into lockdown" thus causing a "shadow Amid the COVID-19 pandemic, many countries reported an increase in domestic violence and intimate partner violence. United Nations Secretary-General António Guterres, noting the "horrificing global surge", called for a domestic violence "ceasefire". UN Women stated that COVID-19 created "conditions for abuse that are ideal for abusers because it forced people into lockdown" thus causing a "shadow pandemic" that exacerbated preexisting issues with domestic violence globally

The table lists state level regulations that were imposed by the respective state and central governments before 24 March 2020. On 24 March, Prime Minister Narendra Modi ordered a nationwide lockdown from 12:01 am of 25 March for three weeks. Initially,

Kerala's success in containing COVID-19 was widely praised both nationally and internationally, Following high number of cases being reported in March, Kerala had, by April 30, reduced the rate of increase of new cases to less than 0.25% per day. However, in mid-May, there was an increase or "second wave" of new cases, following the return of Keralites from other countries and other Indian states. In July, a large local group of cases was identified at the Kumarichantha fish market in Thiruvananthapuram. There was a third surge in cases post-Onam, with a high number of new cases reported in late-October in Malappuram, Kozhikode, Ernakulam and Thrissur districts. Active cases peaked at 97,525, and started to decline from November, before bouncing back to over 4,00,000 in May 2021 following the state elections. On 12 May 2021 Kerala reported... bc77a0c989 Maharashtra is a hotspot that accounts for nearly 22.35% of the total cases in India as well as about 30.55% of all deaths. As of 10 May 2021, the state's case fatality rate is nearly 1.49%. Pune is the worst-affected city in Maharashtra, with about 930,809 cases as of 10 May 2021. About half of the cases in the state emerged from the Mumbai Metropolitan Region (MMR). The total number of cases in Maharashtra reported as of May 2022, is 78,87,086 consisting of 1,47,860 deaths and '77,35,751 who have recovered. bc77a0c989 The first cases of COVID-19 in India were reported on 30 January 2020 in three towns of Kerala, among three Indian medical students who had returned from Wuhan, the epicenter of the pandemic. Lockdowns were announced in Kerala on 23 March, and in the rest of the country on 25 March. Infection rates started to drop in September... bc77a0c989

COVID-19 pandemic in Gujarat examination due to uncertainty over lockdown and spread of COVID-19 in Gujarat. 25 March: Gujarat reports second COVID-19 death. An 85-year-old woman who In Gujarat, the first two cases of the COVID-19 pandemic were confirmed on 19 March 2020 in Rajkot and Surat bc77a0c989

Domestic violence and sexual exploitation, which was already an epidemic around the world, spiked when households were placed under the increased strains that come from security, health and money worries, and cramped and confined living conditions. Prior to the lockdowns, it was estimated that one in three women will experience violence during their lifetimes, a human rights violation that also bears an economic cost of US\$1.5 trillion. Due to lockdowns many of these women were now trapped at home with their abusers and were at increased risk of other forms of violence as overloaded healthcare systems and disrupted justice services struggle to respond. Women, especially essential and informal workers, such as doctors... bc77a0c989

== Timeline ==

Timeline of the COVID-19 pandemic in India (January–May 2020)

Retrieved 17 April 2020. "66 new Covid cases in Telangana. Pune mirror. 17 April 2020. "50-year-old COVID-19 positive man dies in Pune, 288 fresh";

COVID-19 pandemic in Maharashtra Livemint. few zones"; "Covid-19: Maharashtra reimposes lockdown on Mumbai, Pune after tally crosses 5,000-mark"; Livemint. Retrieved The first case of the COVID-19 pandemic in the Indian state of Maharashtra was confirmed on 9 March 2020. Retrieved 22 April 2020

COVID-19 pandemic in India As of 30 August 2026, according to Indian government The COVID-19 pandemic in India is a part of the COVID-19 pandemic. COVID-19 is caused by SARS-CoV-2. Multiple studies, using several different sources of data and methods, have found similarly large estimates of excess deaths in India. These deaths were distributed unequally - marginalized social groups and women were more likely to have been impacted compared to privileged social groups and men. COVID-19 is caused by SARS-CoV-2. As of 30 August 2026, according to Indian government figures, India has the second-highest number of confirmed cases in the world (after the United States) with 45,056,221 reported cases of COVID-19 infection and the third-highest number of COVID-19 deaths (after the United States and Brazil) at 533,849 deaths. In October 2021, the World Health Organization estimated 4. 7 million excess deaths, both directly and indirectly related to COVID-19 to have taken place in India. The COVID-19 pandemic in India is a part of the COVID-19 pandemic

Indian state government responses to the COVID-19 pandemic tested positive for COVID-19. On 13 March, the Maharashtra Government declared the outbreak an epidemic in Mumbai, Navi Mumbai, Pune, Pimpri-Chinchwad and The Indian state governments have responded to the COVID-19 pandemic in India with various declarations of emergency, closure of institutions and public meeting places, and other restrictions intended to contain the spread of the virus

The largest single day spike (68,631 cases), highest peak in all of India was reported on 18 April 2021.

COVID-19 pandemic in Rajasthan The first case of the COVID-19 pandemic in the Indian state of Rajasthan was reported on 2 March 2020

in Jaipur. The Rajasthan Health Department had confirmed bc77a0c989

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