

# Map Of Japan With Cities

International rankings of Japan aa719770b1

Core cities of Japan After the abolition of special city status on April 1, 2015, any city with a population above 200,000 may apply for core city status. ka. To become a candidate for core city status, a city must have a population greater than 300,000 and an area greater than 100 square kilometers, although special exceptions may be made by order of the cabinet for cities with populations under 300,000 but over 200,000. Core cities are delegated many functions normally carried out by prefectural governments, but not as many as designated cities. kμ-J) is a class or category of Japanese cities. kμ<sup>+</sup>. As of 1 April 2021, 62 cities have been designated core cities: The following cities have A core city (コアシティ, chūkakushi; Japanese pronunciation: [t̚ɕɯː. It is a local administrative division created by the national government. of Article 252, Section 22 of the Local Autonomy Law of Japan. ci, -ka<sup>+</sup> aa719770b1

Etymology: Name of Japan aa719770b1

Outline of Japan was part of Japan from 1907 until World War II. The entire island is now governed by Russia. Cities of Japan Capital of Japan: Tokyo Cities designated The following outline is provided as an overview of and topical guide to Japan: aa719770b1

Designated cities are delegated many of the functions normally performed by prefectural governments in fields such as public education, social welfare, sanitation, business licensing, and urban planning. The city government is generally delegated the various minor administrative functions in each area, and the prefectural government retains authority over major decisions. For instance, pharmaceutical retailers and small clinics can be licensed by designated city governments, but pharmacies and hospitals are licensed by prefectural governments. aa719770b1 Pictorial maps usually show an area as if viewed from above at an oblique angle. They are not generally drawn to scale in order to show street patterns, individual

buildings, and major landscape features in perspective. While regular maps focus on the accurate rendition of distances, pictorial maps enhance landmarks and often incorporate a complex interplay of different scales into one image... aa719770b1

Designated city *tei to*<sup>1</sup>. *ci*, *se*:. *re*<sup>1</sup>:-]), short for city designated by government ordinance (指定市, *seirei shitei toshi*; [sei. *tei to*<sup>1</sup>. *re*<sup>1</sup>. *ci*, -*te*:-]) or government ordinance city (指定市, *seireishi*; [sei. 1 [PDF 7 of 40] &quot;Growth in Second Tier Cities – A designated city (指定市, *shitei toshi*; [*ci*. *ci*, *se*:. *rei ci*. *re*:- -*te*:-]), is a Japanese city that has a population greater than 500,000 and has been designated as such by order of the Cabinet of Japan under Article 252, Section 19, of the Local Autonomy Law. &quot;Large City System of Japan&quot;; graphic shows designated cities compared with other Japanese city types at p aa719770b1

Geography of Japan narrow, and no point in Japan is more than 150 km (93 mi) from the sea. The five main islands are Hokkaido, Honshu, Kyushu, Shikoku, and Okinawa. The Ryukyu Islands and Nanpō Islands are south and east of the main islands. It consists of 14,125 islands. The other 14,120 islands are classified as "remote islands" by the Japanese government. In 2023, a government recount of the islands with digital maps increased the total Japan is an archipelagic country comprising a stratovolcanic archipelago over 3,000 km (1,900 mi) along the Pacific coast of East Asia aa719770b1

Each prefecture's chief executive is a directly elected governor (知事, *chiji*). Ordinances and budgets are enacted by a unicameral... aa719770b1 Application for designation is made by a city with the approval of both the city and prefectural assemblies. aa719770b1 Designated cities are also required to subdivide themselves into wards (区, *ku*) (broadly equivalent to the boroughs of London or the boroughs of New York City), each of which has a ward office conducting various... aa719770b1

Pictorial map Pictorial maps (also known as illustrated maps, panoramic maps, perspective maps, bird's-eye view maps, and geopictorial maps) depict a given territory with a Pictorial maps (also known as illustrated maps, panoramic maps, perspective maps, bird's-eye view maps, and geopictorial maps) depict a given territory with a more artistic rather than technical style. It is a type of map in contrast to road map, atlas, or topographic map. They can

feature varied topics like historical events, legendary figures or local agricultural products and cover anything from an entire continent to a college campus. Drawn by specialized artists and illustrators, pictorial maps are a rich, centuries-old tradition and a diverse art form that ranges from cartoon maps on restaurant placemats to treasured art prints in museums. The cartography can be a sophisticated 3-D perspective landscape or a simple map graphic enlivened with illustrations of buildings, people and animals aa719770b1

Official endonym: Nippon-koku (日本国) aa719770b1

List of Japanese map symbols These symbols are called chizukigou (記号) in the Japanese language. These symbols are called chizukigou (記号) in the Japanese language. This is a list of symbols appearing on Japanese maps. They are standardized by the This is a list of symbols appearing on Japanese maps. These two sources generally agree, but they have alternative forms for a few symbols. They are standardized by the Geospatial Information Authority of Japan (GSI) and the Association of Radio Industries and Businesses (ARIB) aa719770b1

New York City Subway map subway map spinoffs exist as well, such as New York City Subway track schematics and maps of proposed expansions of the system. Because the subway was originally built by three separate companies, an official map for all subway lines was not created until 1940, when the three companies were consolidated under a single operator. Since then, the official map has undergone several complete revisions, with intervening periods of comparative stability. Original maps for the Many transit maps for the New York City Subway have been designed since the subway's inception in 1904 aa719770b1

ISO country codes: JP, JPN, 392 aa719770b1 Internet country code top-level domain: .jp aa719770b1

Bōken Japan! Kanjani8 Map Kanjani8 MAP (ボクンJAPAN. The show ran from April 4, 2010 to March 25, 2012 for a total of 96 episodes. Kanjani8 MAP (ボクンJAPAN. ボクンMAP) was a Japanese TV show hosted by the members of the group Kanjani8 that aired every Sunday on TV Asahi from Bōken JAPAN. ボクンMAP) was a Japanese TV show hosted by the members of the group Kanjani8 that aired every Sunday on TV Asahi from 09:30 AM to 10:00 AM. Bōken JAPAN

aa719770b1

From 1800 (Kansei 12) through 1821 (Bunsei 4), Inō Tadataka... aa719770b1 The territory covers 377,973.89 km<sup>2</sup> (145,936.53 sq mi). It is the fourth-largest island country in the world and the largest island country in East Asia. The country has the 6th longest coastline at 29,751 km (18,486 mi) and the 8th largest Exclusive Economic Zone of 4,470,000 km<sup>2</sup> (1,730,000 sq mi) in the world. aa719770b1 == Partial list of symbols for users with visual impairment == aa719770b1 Japan – an island nation in East Asia, located in the Pacific Ocean. It lies to the east of the Sea of Japan, China, North Korea, South Korea and Russia, stretching from the Sea of Okhotsk in the north to the East China Sea and Taiwan in the south. The characters that make up Japan's name mean "sun-origin" (because it lies to the east of nearby countries), which is why Japan is sometimes referred to as the "Land of the Rising Sun". Japan is an archipelago of 14,125 islands. The four largest islands are Honshu, Hokkaido, Kyushu, and Shikoku, which together comprise about ninety-seven percent of Japan's land area. aa719770b1 Pronunciation: aa719770b1 (You Yokoyama | Subaru Shibutani | Shingo Murakami | Ryuhei Maruyama | Shota Yasuda | Ryo Nishikido | Tadayoshi Okura) aa719770b1 Official symbols according to the conventions of the Geographical Survey Institute of Japan appear with a circle below. aa719770b1 Japanese: [ɲiho̞ᵝɴ] or [ɲippo̞ᵝɴ] aa719770b1 == Early maps == aa719770b1 ISO region codes: ISO 3166-2:JP aa719770b1 In the late 18th century, translators in Nagasaki translated the Dutch word (land)kaart into Japanese as chizu (地図): today the generally accepted Japanese word for a map. aa719770b1 == General reference == aa719770b1 Adjectival: Japanese aa719770b1 Common endonyms: Nippon, Nihon (日本) aa719770b1 == Cast == aa719770b1 Because these symbols were developed within a specifically Japanese cultural setting, alternative symbols have been developed for some meanings that are more consistent with worldwide symbol usage or more obvious in what they depict. aa719770b1 == History == aa719770b1 Since April 2025, the MTA's official diagram has been inspired by a design by Massimo Vignelli. The MTA previously used a Vignelli-inspired map from 1972 to 1979, when that map was replaced by a design from Michael Hertz Associates, commissioned by John Tauranac and the MTA Subway Map Committee. There are also special maps for weekend service changes, and special events. There are several privately produced schematics that are available either online or in published form. Other subway map spinoffs exist as well, such as

New York City Subway track schematics and maps of proposed expansions of the system.  
aa719770b1

Prefectures of Japan Today, since the special wards have almost the same degree of independence as Japanese cities, the difference in administration Japan is divided into 47 prefectures (都府県, todōfuken, [todo:ɸɯˈken] ), which rank immediately below the national government and form the country's first level of jurisdiction and administrative division. administers wards as well as cities. They include 43 prefectures proper (県, ken), two urban prefectures (府, fu: Osaka and Kyoto), one regional prefecture (道, dō: Hokkaidō) and one metropolis (都, to: Tokyo) aa719770b1

The term "core city" was created by the first clause of Article 252, Section 22 of the Local Autonomy Law of Japan. aa719770b1 In 1868, the Meiji Fuhanken sanchisei administration created the first prefectures (urban fu and rural ken) to replace the urban and rural administrators (bugyō, daikan, etc.) in the parts of the country previously controlled directly by the shogunate and a few territories of rebels/shogunate loyalists who had not submitted to the new government such as Aizu/Wakamatsu. In 1871, all remaining feudal domains (han) were also transformed into prefectures, so that prefectures subdivided the whole country. In several waves of territorial consolidation, today's 47 prefectures were formed by the turn of the century. In many instances, these are contiguous with the ancient ritsuryō provinces of Japan. aa719770b1 The terrain is mostly rugged and mountainous, with 66% forest. The population is clustered in urban areas along the coast, plains, and valleys. Japan is located in the northwestern Ring of Fire on multiple tectonic plates. East of the Japanese archipelago are three oceanic trenches. The Japan Trench is created as the oceanic Pacific Plate subducts beneath the continental Okhotsk Plate. The continuous subduction process causes frequent earthquakes, tsunamis, and stratovolcanoes... aa719770b1

Japanese maps As the term implies, ezu were not necessarily geographically accurate depictions of physical landscape, as is generally associated with maps in modern times, but pictorial images, often including spiritual landscape in addition to physical geography. As the term implies The earliest known term used for maps in Japan is believed to be kata (形, roughly "form"), which was probably in use until roughly the 8th century. came into use, but the term

most widely used and associated with maps in pre-modern Japan is ezu (絵図, roughly "picture diagram"). Ezu often focused on the conveyance of relative information as opposed to adherence to visible contour. For example, an ezu of a temple may include surrounding scenery and clouds to give an impression of nature, human figures to give a sense of how the depicted space is used, and a scale in which more important buildings may appear bigger than less important ones, regardless of actual physical size. During the Nara period, the term zu (図) came into use, but the term most widely used and associated with maps in pre-modern Japan is ezu (絵図, roughly "picture diagram") aa719770b1

Kanjani8 (Hosts) aa719770b1

[https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/@e/short/visit?PPT=acular\\_ls\\_eye\\_drops](https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/@e/short/visit?PPT=acular_ls_eye_drops)  
[https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/=d/ebook/file?CHAPTER=what-does\\_it\\_mean-if\\_a\\_cat-licks\\_you](https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/=d/ebook/file?CHAPTER=what-does_it_mean-if_a_cat-licks_you)  
[https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/=h/ppt/url?PDF=large-b\\_cell\\_lymphoma\\_prognosis](https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/=h/ppt/url?PDF=large-b_cell_lymphoma_prognosis)  
[https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/!r/pdf/mirror?KINDLE=unsweetened-almond\\_milk-for\\_weight\\_loss](https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/!r/pdf/mirror?KINDLE=unsweetened-almond_milk-for_weight_loss)  
[https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/\\$k/pub/key?EPDF=low\\_carb-high-protein-recipes\\_breakfast](https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/$k/pub/key?EPDF=low_carb-high-protein-recipes_breakfast)  
<https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/@g/slide/find?TEXT=tiempo-en-las-cabezas>  
[https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/~h/slide/link?RTF=percentage-of\\_nitrogen\\_in-atmosphere](https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/~h/slide/link?RTF=percentage-of_nitrogen_in-atmosphere)  
[https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/+c/book/slug?PAGE=1-minute\\_self\\_introduction\\_for\\_students](https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/+c/book/slug?PAGE=1-minute_self_introduction_for_students)  
[https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/~q/ppt/visit?PAGE=is\\_67\\_a\\_prime\\_number](https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/~q/ppt/visit?PAGE=is_67_a_prime_number)  
[https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/@g/slide/data?CHAPTER=how\\_to\\_determine\\_if-you\\_have-bed\\_bugs](https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/@g/slide/data?CHAPTER=how_to_determine_if-you_have-bed_bugs)  
[https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/+e/ref/go?CHAPTER=distribution-de\\_our-little\\_secret](https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/+e/ref/go?CHAPTER=distribution-de_our-little_secret)  
[https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/@k/chap/find?DOC=advertiment\\_de\\_calor\\_excessiva](https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/@k/chap/find?DOC=advertiment_de_calor_excessiva)